ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of

Tyler County, Texas

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

December 31, 2019

COMMISSIONERS' COURT:

Jacques L. Blanchette	County Judge
Martin Nash	Commissioner, Precinct #1
Steven Sturrock	Commissioner, Precinct #2
Mike Marshall	Commissioner, Precinct #3
Charles "Buck" Hudson	Commissioner, Precinct #4

JUDICIAL:

Lucas Babin Chryl Pounds District Attorney District Clerk

County Clerk

COUNTY COURT AT LAW:

Donece Gregory

JUSTICE COURTS:

Trisher Ford	Justice of Peace, Precinct #1
Ken Jobe	Justice of Peace, Precinct #2
Milton Powers	Justice of Peace, Precinct #3
Jim Moore	Justice of Peace, Precinct #4

LAW ENFORCEMENT:

Bryan Weatherford
Dale Freeman
John Fuller
Tony Reynolds
Jim Zachary

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION:

Lynette Cruse Leann Monk Jackie Skinner County Sheriff Constable, Precinct #1 Constable, Precinct #2 Constable, Precinct #3 Constable, Precinct #4

Tax Assessor/Collector County Treasurer County Auditor*

*Designated appointed official. All others are elected.

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court of Tyler County, Texas:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Tyler County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.





Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedules of changes in net pension and total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios, and schedule of contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Belt Harris Pechacek, 111P

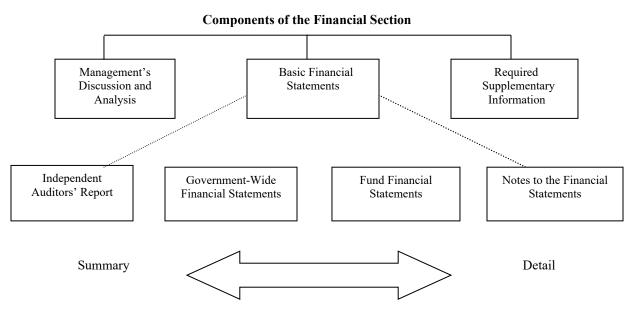
Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP *Certified Public Accountants* Houston, Texas June 15, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of Tyler County, Texas (the "County") for the year ending December 31, 2019. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the County's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison.

THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT



The County's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information for the County as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the County as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the County's financial statements, report information on the County's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the County. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the County.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows – the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are reported as one class of activity:

1. *Governmental Activities* – The County's basic services are reported here including general government, administration of justice, road and bridges, public safety, health and human services, community enrichment, and tax administration. Interest payments on the County's debt are also reported here. Property tax, sales tax, court fines, and other fees finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the County. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal reporting requirements. The two categories of County funds are governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 27 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, road and bridge, and emergency disaster relief funds, which are considered to be major funds for reporting purposes.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, road and bridge, and select special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general, road and bridge, and select special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The County maintains 31 fiduciary funds. The County's fiduciary activities are reported separately in a statement of fiduciary net position.

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to basic financial statements, this MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general, road and bridge, and emergency disaster relief funds, as well as schedules of changes in net pension and total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and related ratios and a schedule of contributions for the Texas County and District Retirement System. RSI can be found after the notes to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$28,722,269 as of December 31, 2019. This compares with \$29,395,065 from the prior fiscal year. A portion of the County's net position, 44 percent, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, construction in progress, building, equipment, and infrastructure) less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities				
	2019	2018			
Current and other assets	¢ 77 407 799	¢ 28.062.018			
	\$ 27,497,788	\$ 28,063,018			
Non current assets	14,261,616	14,192,317			
Total Assets	41,759,404	42,255,335			
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,996,199	477,281			
Deferred outflows - OPEB	32,294				
Total Deferred Outflows					
of Resources	2,028,493	477,281			
Long-term liabilities	3,326,976	2,376,890			
Other liabilities	735,049	280,026			
Total Liabilities	4,062,025	2,656,916			
Deferred inflows - property taxes	10,592,550	10,115,170			
Deferred inflows - pensions	313,279	449,348			
Deferred inflows - OPEB	97,774	116,117			
Total Deferred Inflows					
of Resources	11,003,603	10,680,635			
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets	12,590,726	13,388,592			
Restricted	9,174,577	9,805,239			
Unrestricted	6,956,966	6,201,234			
Total Net Position	\$ 28,722,269	\$ 29,395,065			

A portion of the County's net position, \$9,174,577 or 32 percent, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$6,956,966 or 24 percent, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

The County's total net position decreased by \$672,796 during the current fiscal year. This decrease is primarily a result of a decrease in charges for services and an increase in expenses.

Tyler County, Texas

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Statement of Activities

The following table provides a summary of the County's changes in net position:

	Governmental Activities				
	 2019		2018		
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,657,237	\$	2,108,615		
Operating grants and contributions	379,990		454,122		
General revenues:					
Taxes	11,071,848		10,077,147		
Investment income	241,063		102,518		
Other revenues	693,420		669,126		
Total Revenues	 14,043,558		13,411,528		
Expenses					
General government	5,530,301		4,433,767		
Administration of justice	914,628		995,672		
Roads and bridges	4,423,961		4,299,953		
Public safety	2,867,795		2,536,321		
Health and human services	475,179		317,898		
Community enrichment	153,481		220,506		
Tax administration	306,187		271,579		
Interest on long-term debt	 44,822		18,693		
Total Expenses	 14,716,354		13,094,390		
Change in Net Position	(672,796)		317,138		
Beginning net position	 29,395,065		29,077,927		
Ending Net Position	\$ 28,722,269	\$	29,395,065		

Overall, governmental activities revenue increased \$632,030 as the County experienced an increase in tax and other revenue sources. Charges for services had a decrease of approximately \$451,000, as well as operating grants and contributions had a decrease of approximately \$74,000. Tax revenue increased by \$994,701 over the prior year due to additional property and sales tax dollars. Investment income also increased by \$138,545 over the prior year investment income. Total expenses increased from the prior year by \$1,621,964, which is primarily associated with the change in pension expense.

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The County's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$13,777,621. Of this, \$2,157,383 is unassigned and available for day-to-day operations of the County, \$158,621 is nonspendable, \$2,287,040 is assigned for various purposes, \$2,377,617 is restricted for road and bridge projects, and \$6,796,960 is restricted within the County's special revenue funds.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$2,157,383. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 24 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 51 percent of total fund expenditures.

There was a net increase in the combined fund balance of \$120,299 over the prior year. There was a decrease in the nonmajor governmental funds fund balances of \$202,344 from the prior year. There was an increase in the general fund fund balance of \$750,961. This reflects a combined increase in property tax collections and grant contributions.

The road and bridge fund experienced a decrease of \$535,187, which can be attributed to an increase in capital outlay expenditures during the year.

The emergency disaster relief fund experienced a \$106,869 increase to fund balance. The increase is primarily the result of interest earned on funds set aside by the County for future disasters.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual general fund revenues were over final budgeted revenues by \$967,688 during the year. This net positive variance is attributable to property taxes and other fees and other revenues exceeding the anticipated amount in the final budget projections. General fund disbursements were under the final budget by \$2,069,405.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of year 2019, the County had invested \$14,133,439 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure (net of accumulated depreciation). Major capital asset events during the current year include the following:

- Two vehicles for the sheriff's department in the amount of \$64,909
- Road and bridge equipment in the amount of \$1,442,862

More detailed information about the County's capital assets can be found in note III.C. to the financial statements.

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the year, the County reported total capital leases of \$1,542,713. In addition, the County reported other long-term liabilities of \$1,784,263 related to a total OPEB liability and compensated absences. Additionally, the net pension asset reported a decrease during the year, resulting in an ending net pension asset of \$128,177.

More detailed information about the County's long-term liabilities can be found in note III.D. to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The County met challenges this year while continuing to provide services to the residents of Tyler County at a superior level. The tax collection rate is expected to remain steady at 95 percent. The Commissioners' Court has slightly decreased the tax rate but will still be able to continue the same level of services to the taxpayers. The 2020 budget will be met with challenges from new federal guidelines, as well as the state of the economy, but the County is committed to offer the same level of services to its citizens.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the County. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Jackie Skinner, County Auditor, Tyler County, 100 West Bluff, Woodville, TX, 75979; telephone 409-283-3652.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Tyler County, Texas

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2019

		Primary Government Governmental	
			Activities
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	14,360,540
Investments			247,839
Receivables, net			10,727,782
Due from other governments			2,003,006
Prepaids			158,621
1	Total Current Assets		27,497,788
			,.,.,
Noncurrent assets:			
Net pension asset			128,177
Nondepreciable			893,640
Net depreciable capital assets			13,239,799
The depression cupital assets	Total Noncurrent Assets		14,261,616
	Total Assets		41,759,404
	I otal Assets		41,739,404
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows - pensions			1,996,199
Deferred outflows - OPEB			32,294
Defended outflows - Of EB	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		2,028,493
Liabilities	Total Delerred Outflows of Resources		2,028,495
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities:			
			709 412
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities			708,413
Accrued interest payable			26,636
	Total Current Liabilities		735,049
NT (11.1.11/2)			
Noncurrent liabilities:			402 104
Long-term liabilities due within one year			403,104
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year			2,923,872
	Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,326,976
	Total Liabilities		4,062,025
Deferred Inflows of Resources			10 500 550
Deferred inflows - property taxes			10,592,550
Deferred inflows - pensions			313,279
Deferred inflows - OPEB			97,774
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		11,003,603
N-4 D			
<u>Net Position</u>			12 500 726
Net investment in capital assets			12,590,726
Restricted for:			2 277 (17
Road and bridge			2,377,617
Other purposes			6,796,960
Unrestricted	TT . 4 . 1 B.T 4 TA . 444	¢	6,956,966
	Total Net Position	\$	28,722,269

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Tyler County, Texas

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

				Program					
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	5,530,301	\$	1,049,379	\$	203,999	\$	(4,276,923)	
Administration of justice		914,628		75,808		-		(838,820)	
Roads and bridges		4,423,961		522,224		175,991		(3,725,746)	
Public safety		2,867,795		9,826		-		(2,857,969)	
Health and human services		475,179		-		-		(475,179)	
Community enrichment		153,481		-		-		(153,481)	
Tax administration		306,187		-		-		(306,187)	
Interest and fiscal charges		44,822		-		-		(44,822)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	14,716,354	\$	1,657,237	\$	379,990		(12,679,127)	

General Revenues:

Sener ur recvenues.	
Property taxes	10,312,579
Sales taxes	759,269
Investment income	241,063
Other revenues	693,420
Total General Revenues	12,006,331
Change in Net Position	(672,796)
Beginning net position	29,395,065
Ending Net Position	\$ 28,722,269

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Tyler County, Texas

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

December 31, 2019

	General		Road and Bridge		Emergency Disaster Relief		Nonmajor Governmental	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,000,963	\$	2,561,480	\$	5,065,062	\$	1,733,035
Investments		247,839		-		-		-
Receivables, net		7,701,457		2,824,425		-		-
Due from other governments		1,412,379		590,627		-		-
Prepaids		158,621		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	14,521,259	\$	5,976,532	\$	5,065,062	\$	1,733,035
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	593,217	\$	114,059	\$	-	\$	1,137
Total Liabilities	Ψ	593,217	Ψ	114,059	Ψ	-	Ψ	1,137
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Unavailable revenue Property taxes		9,324,998		3,484,856				<u> </u>
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable								
Prepaids		158,621		-		-		_
Restricted:		,						
Road and bridge		-		2,377,617		-		-
Special revenue funds		-		-		5,065,062		1,731,898
Assigned:								
Airport		20,729		-		-		-
Rodeo arena/fairgrounds		57,784		-		-		-
Economic development		44,544		-		-		-
Benevolence		2,485		-		-		-
Waste collection center		803,547		-		-		-
County right of way		887,390		-		-		-
Emergency operations center		212,922		-		-		-
Nutrition center		126,525		-		-		-
Courthouse restoration		93,950		-		-		-
Legislative		37,164		-		-		-
Unassigned		2,157,383		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		4,603,044		2,377,617		5,065,062		1,731,898
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	14,521,259	\$	5,976,532	\$	5,065,062	\$	1,733,035

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	14,360,540 247,839 10,525,882 2,003,006 158,621
\$	27,295,888
\$	708,413 708,413
	12,809,854
	158,621
	2,377,617 6,796,960
	20,729 57,784 44,544 2,485 803,547 887,390 212,922 126,525 93,950 37,164 2,157,383 13,777,621
\$	27,295,888

Tyler County, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO

THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2019

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	13,777,621
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different		
because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		000 (10
Nondepreciable capital assets		893,640
Depreciable capital assets, net		13,239,799
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period		
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.		
Deferred inflows - property taxes		2,217,304
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pension activity and other		
postemployment benefits (OPEB) are not current financial resources and,		
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Net pension asset		128,177
Deferred outflows - pensions		1,996,199
Deferred inflows - pensions		(313,279)
Total OPEB liability		(1,594,983)
Deferred outflows - OPEB		32,294
Deferred inflows - OPEB		(97,774)
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable		
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Accrued interest payable		(26,636)
Long-term liabilities due within one year		(403,104)
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year		(1,328,889)
Court fines receivable, net of related allowance, are not current financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		201,900
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	28,722,269
See Notes to Financial Statements	_	

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Tyler County, Texas *statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances governmental funds*

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General	Road and Bridge	Emergency Disaster Relief	Nonmajor Governmental
<u>Revenues</u>	ф. 0.104.05 7	ф <u>о о о о о о о о о о о о о о о о о о о</u>	¢	¢
Taxes	\$ 8,184,257	\$ 2,392,745	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	197,309	175,991	-	6,690
Auto registration	-	498,805	-	-
Other fees	971,313	23,419	-	143,235
Investment income	63,518	52,419	106,869	18,257
Other revenues	559,593	1,931	-	14,349
Total Revenues	9,975,990	3,145,310	106,869	182,531
<u>Expenditures</u>				
General government	4,948,671	-	-	122,368
Administration of justice	871,522	-	-	22,973
Roads and bridges	-	3,253,395	-	-
Public safety	2,405,037	-	-	204,690
Health and human services	153,173	-	-	278
Community enrichment	150,103	-	-	-
Tax administration	299,447	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	66,418	68,601	-	-
Interest	5,130	20,053	-	-
Capital outlay	149,950	1,612,910	_	10,144
Total Expenditures	9,049,451	4,954,959		360,453
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	926,539	(1,809,649)	106,869	(177,922)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Capital leases	-	874,007	-	-
Transfers in	100,831	200,000	-	76,409
Transfers (out)	(276,409)	-	-	(100,831)
Sale of capital assets	-	200,455	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(175,578)	1,274,462		(24,422)
Net Change in Fund Balances	750,961	(535,187)	106,869	(202,344)
Beginning fund balances	3,852,083	2,912,804	4,958,193	1,934,242
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 4,603,044	\$ 2,377,617	5,065,062	\$ 1,731,898

See Notes to Financial Statements.

Go	Total vernmental Funds
¢	10 577 002
\$	10,577,002 379,990
	379,990 498,805
	1,137,967
	241,063
	575,873
	13,410,700
	10,110,700
	5 071 020
	5,071,039 894,495
	3,253,395
	2,609,727
	153,451
	150,103
	299,447
	, -
	135,019
	25,183
	1,773,004
	14,364,863
	(954,163)
	874,007
	377,240
	(377,240)
	200,455
	1,074,462
	120,299
	13,657,322
\$	13,777,621

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 120,299
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and	
reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	1,423,277
Depreciation expense	(1,399,247)
Net effect of capital disposals	(82,908)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are	
not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Deferred revenue	494,846
Court fines receivable, net of related allowance, are not current financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	20,465
Net pension and total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to the County's pension and OPEB plans are not reported in the governmental funds	
the governmental funds.	(1.095.427)
Net pension asset Deferred outflows - pensions	(1,985,427) 1,518,918
Deferred inflows - pensions	136,069
Total OPEB liability	(188,899)
Deferred outflows - OPEB	32,294
Deferred inflows - OPEB	18,343
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, certificates of obligation)	
provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the	
repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial	
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any	
effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums,	
discounts, and similar items when it is first issued; whereas, these amounts	
are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	
Principal payments	135,019
Debt issued	(874,007)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(19,639)
Compensated absences	 (22,199)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (672,796)

See Notes to Financial Statements.

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS December 31, 2019

	T	otal Agency Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$ \$	6,651,952 6,651,952
Liabilities Due to other units Total Liabilities	\$ \$	6,651,952 6,651,952

See Notes to Financial Statements.

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Tyler County, Texas

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Tyler County, Texas (the "County") is an independent government entity created in 1846 from Liberty County by an act of the Texas Legislature. The County is governed by Commissioners' Court, composed of four County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The County's financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The County provides a vast array of services including general government, administration of justice, road and bridges, public safety, health and human services, community enrichment, and tax administration.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the County's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the County is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the County's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The County's basic financial statements include the primary government only. The County has no oversight responsibility for any other entities since they are not considered financially accountable to the County. Financial accountability is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and appointment of the respective governing body.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. The County has no business-type activities.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Tyler County, Texas NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following governmental funds:

The *general fund* is used to account for and report all financial transactions not accounted for and reported in another fund. The principal sources of receipts include local property taxes, fees, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Disbursements include general government, administration of justice, public safety, health and human services, community enrichment, and tax administration. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The following special revenue funds are considered major funds for reporting purposes:

Road and bridge fund – This fund is used to account for receipts of property taxes levied and vehicle registration fees. Uses of funds are restricted for the maintenance of roads, bridges, and the operations of related facilities. All precinct operations, as well as permanent road monies, are accounted for in this fund.

Emergency disaster relief fund – This fund is used to account for funds to be used for future disasters.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for and report resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. The County maintains one type of fiduciary fund, agency funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in an agency capacity.

During the course of operations, the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Tyler County, Texas NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current* financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The County maintains a pooled cash account. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash account has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at the previous month end. Amounts on deposit in interest bearing accounts and other investments are displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and cash equivalents."

Tyler County, Texas NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The County has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the County is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government agencies Fully collateralized certificates of deposit Money market mutual funds that meet certain criteria Bankers' acceptances Statewide investment pools

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (or \$25,000 for infrastructure) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Life
Equipment	5 to 10 years
Buildings and improvements	5 to 50 years
Infrastructure	5 to 50 years

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities are ٠ amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan members, except for the net differences between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension/OPEB plan assets, which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the • measurement date through the end of the County's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension/OPEB liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.
- A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

At the fund level, the County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. At the government-wide level, the County reports a deferred inflow of resources for property taxes assessed for the next budget or fiscal year.

6. Compensated Employee Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory time, and sick pay benefits. Additionally, Sheriff's department employees are allowed to accumulate holidays. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave since it does not Vacation, compensatory time, and holiday pay that is expected to be liquidated with vest. expendable, available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it when it matures or becomes due. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave and compensatory time that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

Tyler County, Texas NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and road and bridge funds.

Assets acquired under the terms of a capital lease are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the applicable fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general and road and bridge funds upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Commissioners' Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The County Judge may also assign fund balance as when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

11. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

12. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability/(asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Other Postemployment Benefits

The County administers a single-employer, defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) plan. The County plan provides certain healthcare benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the County's employees become eligible for the health benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the County. The County is currently following a pay-as-you-go approach, paying an amount each year equal to the claims paid. This means no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB 75).

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

General property taxes are recorded as receipts when levied for the current year and due, payable, and collected in the current year.

The property tax calendar dates are:

Levy date and due date – October 1 Collection dates – October 1 through June 30 Lien date – July 1

The County bills and collects its own taxes and those for certain government entities within the County. Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the tax assessor's agency fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed on a periodic basis to the general and road and bridge funds of the County. This distribution is based upon the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners' Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the County-wide appraisal district, which is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100 percent of its appraised value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The appraisal district must review the value of the property within the County every three years unless the County, at its own discretion, requires more frequent reviews. The County may challenge the appraised values through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the County sets tax rates on County property.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The original budget is adopted by the Commissioners' Court prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control is the department level as defined by State statute. Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total disbursements of any fund must be approved by the Commissioners' Court.

Budgets are adopted on a GAAP basis for all budgeted funds. Several supplemental budget appropriations were made for the year ended December 31, 2019.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of December 31, 2019, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type		Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Certificates of deposit	\$	750,553	1.00
TexPool		199,636	0.09
Texas CLASS		8,507,041	0.09
	\$	9,457,230	
Doutfalia waighted avana	- motu		0.17

Portfolio weighted average maturity 0.17

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the stated maturity of its investment portfolio to no more than two years.

Credit risk. State law limits investments to obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "A" or its equivalent. Furthermore, commercial paper must be rated not less than "A-1" or "P-1" or an equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies. As of December 31, 2019, the County's investments in TexPool and Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – *deposits*. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities and FDIC insurance. As of December 31, 2019, bank balances did not exceed the market values of pledged securities and FDIC insurance.

TexPool

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool 'AAAm'. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts, for review.

TexPool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, TexPool must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity, and diversification requirements within TexPool. TexPool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less, and weighted average lives of 120 days or less. Investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than five percent of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool has a

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexPool may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national state of emergency that affects TexPool's liquidity.

Texas CLASS

The Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust (CLASS) is a public funds investment pool under Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, as amended. CLASS is created under an amended and restated trust agreement, dated as of December 14, 2011 (the "Agreement"), among certain Texas governmental entities investing in CLASS (the "Participants"), with Cutwater Investor Services Corporation as program administrator and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, NA as custodian. CLASS is not SEC registered and is not subject to regulation by the State of Texas. Under the Agreement, however, CLASS is administered and supervised by a seven-member board of trustees (the "Board"), whose members are investment officers of the Participants, elected by the Participants for overlapping two-year terms. In the Agreement and by resolution of the Board, CLASS has contracted with Cutwater Investors Service Corporation to provide for the investment and management of the public funds of CLASS. Separate financial statements for CLASS may be obtained from CLASS' website at www.texasclass.com.

B. Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) line for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for the general fund and road and bridge fund, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

		Road and	
	 General	 Bridge	 Total
Property taxes	\$ 7,650,931	\$ 2,855,688	\$ 10,506,619
Other taxes	135,962	-	135,962
Allowance for uncollectibles	 (85,436)	 (31,263)	(116,699)
	\$ 7,701,457	\$ 2,824,425	\$ 10,525,882

Tyler County, Texas

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year end is as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	ſI	Decreases)	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	111,778	\$	9,775	\$	-	\$ 121,553
Construction in progress		856,580		89,717		(174,210)	772,087
Total capital assets not			-				 ,
being depreciated		968,358		99,492		(174,210)	893,640
Other capital assets:							
Equipment		7,097,864		1,497,995		(329,400)	8,266,459
Buildings and improvements		4,819,317		-		-	4,819,317
Infrastructure		62,256,888		-		-	 62,256,888
Total other capital assets		74,174,069		1,497,995		(329,400)	 75,342,664
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Equipment		(5,190,874)		(779,196)		246,492	(5,723,578)
Buildings and improvements		(1,678,735)		(118,585)		-	(1,797,320)
Infrastructure		(54,080,501)		(501,466)		-	(54,581,967)
Total accumulated depreciation		(60,950,110)		(1,399,247)		246,492	 (62,102,865)
Other capital assets, net		13,223,959		98,748		(82,908)	 13,239,799
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	14,192,317	\$	198,240	\$	(257,118)	 14,133,439
				Les	s ass	ociated debt	 (1,542,713)
			N	et Investment	in Ca	pital Assets	\$ 12,590,726
epreciation was charged to governmenta	1 fu	nctions as fo	110	ws:			

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 49,536
Roads and bridges	892,321
Health and human services	318,274
Public safety	 139,116
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,399,247

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

D. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the County's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2019. In general, the County uses the general and road and bridge funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

]	Beginning Balance		Additions	R	eductions	Ending Balance	ue Within Dne Year
Governmental Activities:								
Capital leases	\$	803,725	\$	874,007	\$	(135,019)	\$ 1,542,713 *	\$ 232,752
Other:								
Compensated absences		167,081		173,564		(151,365)	189,280	170,352
Net pension asset		(2,113,604)		1,985,428		-	(128,177)	-
Total OPEB liability		1,406,084		188,899		-	1,594,983	-
		(540,439)		2,347,891		(151,365)	1,656,086	170,352
Total Governmental Activities	\$	263,286	\$	3,221,898	\$	(286,384)	\$ 3,198,799	\$ 403,104
		Long-	term	debt due in m	ore th	an one year	\$ 2,923,872	
		2	Del	ot associated v	vith ca	pital assets	\$ 1,542,713	

Long-term debt obligations of the County as of December 31, 2019 are as follows:

			Original		
	Interest Rate	Amount			Balance
Capital leases					
First National Bank Southlake	2.69%	\$	172,469	\$	151,262
First National Bank Southlake	2.69%	\$	165,340		144,135
First National Bank Southlake	2.69%	\$	111,070		57,114
First National Bank Southlake	3.65%	\$	255,897		236,120
First National Bank Southlake	3.65%	\$	33,230		20,201
First National Bank Southlake	3.65%	\$	32,830		19,958
First National Bank Southlake	3.65%	\$	32,830		19,958
First National Bank Southlake	3.65%	\$	32,830		19,958
First National Bank Southlake	3.65%	\$	125,850		125,850
First National Bank Southlake	3.95%	\$	33,960		33,960
First National Bank Southlake	3.99%	\$	158,990		158,990
First National Bank Southlake	3.99%	\$	163,989		163,989
First National Bank Southlake	3.99%	\$	70,250		70,250
First National Bank Southlake	3.65%	\$	126,558		126,558
First National Bank Southlake	3.99%	\$	69,866		69,866
First National Bank Southlake	3.65%	\$	124,544		124,544
	То	tal Ca	pital Leases	\$	1,542,713

Tyler County, Texas NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Future minimum payments, including interest, to retire capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending	 Capita	al Le:	ases
Dec. 31	Principal		Interest
2020	\$ 232,752	\$	54,755
2021	241,114		46,359
2022	788,316		30,538
2023	173,216		8,395
2024	 107,315		4,280
Total	\$ 1,542,713	\$	144,327

Machinery and equipment acquired under current capital lease obligations totaled \$1,477,884 and accumulated depreciation totaled \$215,156.

E. Interfund Transfers

Transfers between the primary governmental funds during the 2019 year were as follows:

Transfers in	Transfers out	Amounts
Major funds:		
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	100,831
Road and bridge fund	General fund	200,000
Nonmajor governmental funds:		
Nonmajor governmental funds	General fund	76,409
	Total	\$ 377,240

Amounts transferred between funds relate to amounts collected by general, road and bridge, and special revenue funds for various governmental disbursements.

F. Restatement of Beginning Net Position/Fund Balance

Due to a reduction in Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) receivable, the County restated its beginning net position/fund balance as follows:

	_	overnmental Activities	 Road and Bridge		
Beginning net position/fund balance - as reported Change in reporting of FEMA receivable	\$	29,475,929 (80,864)	\$ 2,993,668 (80,864)		
Beginning Net Position/Fund Balance - Restated	\$	29,395,065	\$ 2,912,804		

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. In addition, the County participates along with 279 other entities in the Texas Association of Counties' (TAC) Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (the "Pool"). The TAC created this Pool in 1974 to insure the County for workers' compensation related claims. The County also provides its employees

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

benefits, including medical and life insurance, which the County obtains through the TAC's Insurance Trust Fund.

This Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The County has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool in which it participates, outside of payment of insurance premiums. The County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts for the past three fiscal years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claims are reported at year end.

C. Pension Plan

Texas County and District Retirement System

Plan Description

TCDRS is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public-employee retirement system. TCDRS serves 780 actively participating counties and districts throughout Texas. Each employer maintains its own customized plan of benefits. Plan provisions are adopted by the Commissioners' Court of each employer, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Because of that, the County has the flexibility and local control to select benefits and pay for those benefits based on its needs and budgets.

Each employer has a defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The assets of the plans are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered in a manner that the retirement system will be considered a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

All eligible employees of the County must be enrolled in the TCDRS.

Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The benefit provisions are adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the options available in Texas state statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any County-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contribution to TCDRS, with interest, and County-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the County-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

The Commissioners' Court adopted the rate of seven percent as the contributed rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2019. The Commissioners' Court may change the employee contribution rate and the County contribution rate within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	97
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	101
Active employees	138
Total	336

Contributions

A combination of three elements funds each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions, and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is four percent, five percent, six percent, or seven percent of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employers are required, by law, to contribute at actuarially determined rates, which are determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Employers have the option of paying more than the required contribution rate each year. Extra contributions can help employers "prefund" benefit increases, such as a cost-of-living adjustment to retirees, and they can be used to help offset or mitigate future increases in the required rate due to negative plan experience. There are two approaches for making extra contributions:

- (a) paying an elected contribution rate higher than the required rate and
- (b) making an extra lump-sum contribution to the employer account.

Employees for the County were required to contribute seven percent of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were 6.17 percent and 10.91 percent in calendar years 2019 and 2018, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 were \$330,716 and were equal to the required contributions.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Net Pension Asset

The County's Net Pension Asset (NPA) was measured as of December 31, 2018 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPA was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the TPL as of December 31, 2018 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* (GASB 68).

Key assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation Timing	Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in the which the contributions are reported.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Amortization Method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Asset Valuation Method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career, including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	8.1%
Cost-of-Living Adjustment	s Cost-of-living adjustments for the County are not considered to be substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost- of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The long-term expected rate of return of TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The target allocation and best estimate of geometric real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus Inflation)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.50%	5.40%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture	10.2070	5.1070
	Capital Index	18.00%	8.40%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.70%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	10.00%	5.40%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.90%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloombern Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.60%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	4.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Assocaites Distressed Securities Index	2.00%	7.20%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% S&P		
-	Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLP)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.35%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	6.00%	6.30%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research. Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds		
-	Composite Index	13.00%	3.90%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 8.1 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, TCDRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Changes in the NPA

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Asset	
Changes for the year:		(A)		(B)		(A) - (B)
Service cost	\$	690 217	\$		¢	690 217
	Φ	680,217	Φ	-	Φ	680,217
Interest		1,837,198		-		1,837,198
Change of benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(314,521)		-		(314,521)
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		332,076		(332,076)
Contributions - employee		-		374,320		(374,320)
Net investment income		-		(462,457)		462,457
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(1,038,918)		(1,038,918)		-
Administrative expense		-		(19,118)		19,118
Other changes		-		(7,354)		7,354
Net changes		1,163,976		(821,451)		1,985,427
Balance at December 31, 2017		22,510,591		24,624,195		(2,113,604)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	23,674,567	\$	23,802,744	\$	(128,177)

Sensitivity of the NPA to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the NPA of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1 percent, as well as what the County's NPA would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.1%) or one percentage point higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	1%	6 Decrease		10		% Increase
	in Discount		Di	Discount Rate		n Discount
	Rate (7.1%)		Rate (7.1%) (8.1%		R	ate (9.1%)
County's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,764,292	\$	(128,177)	\$	(2,585,118)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <u>www.tcdrs.org</u>.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$661,158.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

At December 31, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Ι	Deferred
		Outflows		
	of	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience		748	\$	313,279
Changes in actuarial assumptions		61,495		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		1,603,240		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		330,716		-
Total	\$	1,996,199	\$	313,279

\$330,716 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPA for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	Pension Expense			
2020	\$	456,588		
2021		230,968		
2022		176,094		
2023		488,554		
Thereafter		-		
Total	\$	1,352,204		

D. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description

In order to recognize and reward long-term employees, as well as to provide an incentive for remaining in the County's employment, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, known as Tyler County Retiree Health Care Plan (the "Plan").

Retirees who meet the criteria are eligible for health coverage that is 100 percent paid for by the County. Retirees must be 62 years of age and have eight years of continuous service with the County. Retirees who retire before age 62 are eligible for health coverage that is 80 percent paid for by the County based on the eligibility rule of 25 years of continuous service with the County and meet the 75 points rule. Health coverage ends at age 65 and four months. Members terminating before normal retirement conditions are not eligible for retiree health care.

The County does not provide death-in-service benefits to a surviving spouse of an employee. Surviving spouses are eligible for Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA) benefits only.

Unless qualified based on normal retirement benefits above, the County does not provide health benefits to a disabled retiree. Disabled retirees are eligible for COBRA benefits only.

Effective August 1, 2006, retirees will have a flat \$10,000 life benefit with no age reduction. This coverage is offered at no cost to the retiree.

Retirees may purchase health care coverage for eligible spouses and dependents at their own expense.

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

The following provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of December 31, 2019:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	18
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	-
Active employees	108
Total	126

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$1,594,983 was measured as of December 31, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry - Age Normal
Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	0.50% to 5.00%, not including wage inflation of 3.25%
Discount rate*	2.75% as of December 31, 2019
Demographic assumptions	Based on the experience study covering the four-year period ending December 31,
	2016 as conducted for the TCDRS. For the OPEB valuatoin, the standard TCDRS
	retirement rates were adjusted to reflect the impact of the County's retiree medical plan
	design.
Mortality	For healthy retirees, the gender-district RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables
	are used with male rates multiplied by 130% and female rates multiplied by 110%.
	Those rates are projected on a fully generational basis on 100% of the ultimate rates of
	Scale MP-2014.
Healthcare trend rates	Initial rate of 7.20% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.25% after 15 years
Participation rates	95% for retirees eligible for a subsidy;
	100% for retirees electing life insurance;
	10% of retirees with coverage elect two-person coverage

*The discount rate changed from 3.71% as of December 31, 2018 to 2.75% as of December 31, 2018. As a result of the repeal of the "Cadillac Tax" on December 20, 2019, the ultimate trend assumption was decreased from 5.50% to 4.25%. Finally, the period of service used for the allocation of normal costs was changed to only reflect service with Tyler County.

Funding Policy

The County has elected to finance the County's Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis, paying an amount each year equal to the claims paid.

Tyler County, Texas

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease) Total OPEB		
]	Liability	
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$	120,529	
Interest		53,975	
Change of benefit terms		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		8,199	
Changes of assumptions		29,196	
Benefit payments		(23,000)	
Net Changes		188,899	
Balance at December 31, 2017		1,406,084	
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	1,594,983	

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.71% as of December 31, 2018 to 2.75% as of December 31, 2019.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		6 Decrease (1.75%)	Discount Rate (2.75%)		% Increase (3.75%)
County's Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,758,605		\$	1,594,983	\$ 1,450,446

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Н	lealthcare		
	1% Decrease Trend Rate		1%	6 Increase		
County's Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,435,148	\$	1,594,983	\$	1,786,685

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$161,262. The County reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defer Outflov Resour		In	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	7,081	\$	-
Changes in actuarial assumptions		25,213		97,774
Total	\$	32,294	\$	97,774

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	OPEB Expense						
December 31		Amount					
2020	\$	(13,242)					
2021		(13,242)					
2022		(13,242)					
2023		(13,242)					
2024		(13,242)					
Thereafter		730					
Total	\$	(65,480)					

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 1 of 2) GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amo	nunts	Actual	Fir	riance with 1al Budget Positive
			Final	Amounts	(Negative)		
<u>Revenues</u>		8			 		8 /
Taxes	\$	7,443,892	\$	7,614,371	\$ 8,184,257	\$	569,886
Intergovernmental		257,000		257,000	197,309		(59,691)
Other fees		717,357		717,357	971,313		253,956
Interest		29,080		29,080	63,518		34,438
Other revenues		228,050		390,494	 559,593		169,099
Total Revenues		8,675,379		9,008,302	 9,975,990		967,688
Expenditures							
General Government:							
General operations		3,477,148		3,891,451	3,305,771		585,680
County judge		196,946		201,887	199,080		2,807
County treasurer		94,446		96,324	93,164		3,160
County auditor		224,171		225,663	211,547		14,116
County clerk		363,381		364,838	308,811		56,027
Maintenance		553,842		582,951	493,913		89,038
County court		298,214		395,099	 336,385		58,714
		5,208,148		5,758,213	 4,948,671		809,542
Administration of Justice:							
Justice of the peace		319,749		320,850	290,151		30,699
District attorney		360,916		362,871	281,083		81,788
Judicial		85,141		85,335	71,327		14,008
District clerk		258,017		258,470	 228,961		29,509
		1,023,823		1,027,526	 871,522		156,004
Public Safety:							
Department of Public Safety		5,300		5,300	935		4,365
Sheriff's department jail		483,141		484,538	471,059		13,479
Sheriff's department office		1,624,100		1,654,415	1,547,465		106,950
Constables		198,460		201,063	183,742		17,321
Emergency operations center		206,258		240,478	 201,836		38,642
		2,517,259		2,585,794	 2,405,037		180,757
Health and Human Services:							
Veterans services		62,351		62,501	41,502		20,999
County extension		91,009		91,222	52,479		38,743
Waste collection center		194,268		194,268	3,754		190,514
Health and sanitation		25,000		25,000	10,000		15,000
Nutrition center		48,200		49,999	 45,438		4,561
		420,828		422,990	 153,173		269,817

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 2 of 2) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted	Am	ounts	Actual		ariance with inal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Expenditures (continued)						<u> </u>
Community Enrichment						
Airport	\$ 11,357	\$	22,941	\$ 9,832	\$	13,109
Rodeo arena/fairgrounds	22,530		119,900	97,258		22,642
Economic development	10,600		10,760	10,760		-
Benevolence	1,000		1,000	512		488
Legislative services	10,500		10,500	2,260		8,240
County right of way	501,000		422,042	-		422,042
Courthouse restoration	75,000		83,400	29,481		53,919
	631,987		670,543	150,103		520,440
Tax Administration						
Tax assessor/collector	314,620		314,930	299,447		15,483
	 314,620		314,930	299,447		15,483
Debt Service						
Principal	-		66,418	66,418		-
Interest and fiscal charges	-		5,130	5,130		-
C	 -		71,548	71,548		-
Capital Outlay	 156,393		267,312	 149,950		117,362
Total Expenditures	 10,273,058		11,118,856	 9,049,451		2,069,405
Excess (Deficiency) of						
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	 (1,597,679)		(2,110,554)	 926,539		3,037,093
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	1,152,100		1,152,100	100,831		(1,051,269)
Transfers (out)	(324,000)		(279,800)	(276,409)		3,391
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 828,100		872,300	 (175,578)		(1,047,878)
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	 020,100		072,500	 (175,576)		(1,047,070)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (769,579)	\$	(1,238,254)	750,961	\$	1,989,215
Beginning fund balance				 3,852,083		
Ending Fund Balance				\$ 4,603,044		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

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Tyler County, Texas schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual road and bridge fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Budgeted	Ame	unte		Actual	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive
			Original	AIII	Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues	•		Oliginai		Fillal		Amounts	(1	(egative)
Property taxes		\$	2,334,428	\$	2,334,428	\$	2,392,745	\$	58,317
Intergovernmental		Ŷ	23,000	Ŷ	23,000	Ŷ	175,991	Ŷ	152,991
Auto registration			510,000		510,000		498,805		(11,195)
Other fees			27,850		27,850		23,419		(4,431)
Investment income			5,700		5,700		52,419		46,719
Other revenue			250		250		1,931		1,681
Total F	levenues		2,901,228		2,901,228		3,145,310		244,082
<u>Expenditures</u>									
Roads and bridges			3,243,548		3,494,087		3,253,395		240,692
Debt Service									
Principal			27,800		68,601		68,601		-
Interest charges			13,300		20,059		20,053		6
Capital Outlay			292,823		1,744,038		1,612,910		131,128
Total Expe	nditures		3,577,471		5,326,785		4,954,959		371,826
(Deficiency) of R					(2.425.557)		(1.000.640)		(15,000
(Under) Expe	nditures		(676,243)		(2,425,557)		(1,809,649)		615,908
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Capital leases							874,007		874,007
Transfers in			3,135,426		3,140,226		3,082,045		(58,181)
Transfers (out)			(2,930,957)		(2,932,631)		(2,882,045)		50,586
Sale of capital asset			(2,930,937)		(2,952,051)		200,455		200,455
Total Other Financing	Sources		204,469		207,595		1,274,462		1,066,867
Total Other Thaneing	Sources		201,109		201,000		1,271,102		1,000,007
Net Change in Fund	Balance	\$	(471,774)	\$	(2,217,962)		(535,187)	\$	1,682,775
Beginning fund balance							2,912,804		
Ending Fund	Balance					\$	2,377,617		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

2. Transfers between subfunds have not been eliminated in order to more accurately demonstrate compliance with budgeted amounts.

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TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL EMERGENCY DISASTER RELIEF FUND For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	 Budgeted	Amo		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
-	 Original		Final	 Amounts	1)	Negative)
<u>Revenues</u> Investment income	\$ 5,000	\$	5,000	\$ 106,869	\$	101,869
Total Revenues	 5,000		5,000	 106,869		101,869
Expenditures Public safety Capital Outlay Total Expenditures	 760,277 44,723 805,000		760,277 44,723 805,000	 - - 		760,277 44,723 805,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,800,000)	\$	(800,000)	106,869	\$	906,869
Beginning fund balance Ending Fund Balance	 			\$ 4,958,193		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Tyler County, Texas

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Measurement Year*						
-		2014		2015	 2016		2017
Total Pension Liability							
Service cost	\$	627,951	\$	629,956	\$ 699,629	\$	699,930
Interest (on the total pension liability)		1,436,071		1,524,880	1,600,432		1,713,281
Changes in benefit terms		(788)		(101,284)	-		-
Difference between expected and actual							
experience		(88,205)		(329,236)	(309,551)		1,496
Changes in assumptions		-		211,853	-		122,989
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(873,220)		(997,586)	 (968,610)		(939,297)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		1,101,809		938,583	1,021,900		1,598,399
Beginning total pension liability		17,849,900		18,951,709	 19,890,292		20,912,192
Ending Total Pension Liability	\$	18,951,709	\$	19,890,292	\$ 20,912,192	\$	22,510,591
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - employer	\$	564,834	\$	508,134	\$ 534,233	\$	3,358,420
Contributions - employee		303,700		321,025	339,349		348,893
Net investment income		1,178,307		(31,270)	1,328,129		2,820,121
Benefit payments, including refunds of							
employee contributions		(873,219)		(997,586)	(968,610)		(939,296)
Administrative expense		(13,651)		(13,044)	(14,490)		(16,376)
Other		(109,315)		(3,960)	 (234,439)		36,940
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,050,656		(216,701)	 984,172		5,608,702
Beginning plan fiduciary net position		17,197,366		18,248,022	 18,031,321		19,015,493
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	18,248,022	\$	18,031,321	\$ 19,015,493	\$	24,624,195
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	703,687	\$	1,858,971	\$ 1,896,699	\$	(2,113,604)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension							
Liability/(Asset)		96.29%		90.65%	90.93%		109.39%
Covered Payroll	\$	4,338,577	\$	4,586,125	\$ 4,848,558	\$	4,984,180
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		16.22%		40.53%	39.12%		-42.41%

*Only five years of information are currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next five-year period.

Measurement	
Year*	i.
2018	i i
\$ 680,217 1,837,198	
(314,521)	
(1,038,918) 1,163,976	i
22,510,591	
\$ 23,674,567	ł
\$ 332,076 374,320 (462,457)	
(1,038,918) (19,118) (7,354) (821,451)	
24,624,195	ŗ
\$ 23,802,744	l
\$ (128,177)	ł

100.54%

\$ 5,347,426

-2.40%

Tyler County, Texas schedule of contributions texas county and district retirement system

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Fiscal Year*							
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	479,848	\$	508,134	\$	534,311	\$	497,771
determined contribution		564,955		508,134		534,233		3,358,609
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(85,107)	\$	-	\$	78	\$	(2,860,838)
Covered payroll	\$	4,338,577	\$	4,586,125	\$	4,848,558	\$	4,634,743
Contributions as a percentage of covered								
payroll		13.02%		11.08%		11.02%		72.47%

*Only six years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next four-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

1	
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	0.0 years
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career, including inflation
Investment rate of return	8.10%
Retirement age	Members who are eligible for service retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for recent retirees is 61.
Mortality	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% for the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for femals, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

3. Other Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

Fiscal Year*									
	2018	2019							
\$	583,406	\$	330,716						
	332,076		330,716						
\$	251,330	\$	-						
\$	5,347,444	\$	5,358,849						

6.21% 6.17%

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Tyler County, Texas schedule of changes in the total other postemployment benefit liability and related ratios - retiree healthcare plan

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Measurement Year*				
	2017		2018		
Total OPEB Liability	 				
Service cost	\$ 114,465	\$	120,529		
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)	47,639		53,975		
Difference between expected and actual experience	-		8,199		
Change of assumptions	(134,460)		29,196		
Benefit payments**	 (7,121)		(23,000)		
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	 20,523		188,899		
Beginning total OPEB liability	 1,385,561		1,406,084		
Ending Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,406,084	\$	1,594,983		
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,066,755	\$	5,636,202		
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	34.58%		28.30%		

* Only two years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next eight-year period.

** Due to the PLAN being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Changes in Assumptions

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.71% as of December 31, 2018 to 2.75% as of December 31, 2019, and the removal of the trend adjustment related to the "Cadillac Tax". Additionally, the period of service used for the allocation of normal costs was changed to only reflect service with Tyler County.

Changes in Benefits

There were no changes in benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 1 of 3)

December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds							
	District Clerk Appropriations		County Clerk RMP		County District Attorney Forfeiture		Cr	ate ime opers
<u>Assets</u> Cash and cash equivalents	\$	49,080	\$	624,500	\$	1,507	\$	4
Total Assets	\$	49,080	\$	624,500	\$	1,507	\$	4
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	79	\$	-	\$	-
Total Liabilities		-		79		-		
Fund Balances								
Restricted		49,080		624,421		1,507		4
Total Fund Balances		49,080		624,421		1,507		4
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	49,080	\$	624,500	\$	1,507	\$	4

				Special Rev	enue Fu	nds				
 District Clerk Law RMP Library		Jail Interest and Sinking		Violence Against Women		Small Business Loan		Peace Officer Service Fee		
\$ 2,029	\$	50,332	\$	662,223	\$	-	\$	1,115	\$	76,760
\$ 2,029	\$	50,332	\$	662,223	\$	-	\$	1,115	\$	76,760
\$ 	\$	<u>548</u> 548	\$		\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$	
 2,029		49,784 49,784		<u>662,223</u> 662,223		-		1,115 1,115		76,760
\$ 2,029	\$	50,332	\$	662,223	\$	-	\$	1,115	\$	76,760

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 2 of 3)

December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Courthouse Security		County RMP		State Child Abuse Prevention		County District Attorney Fees		
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	510	\$	91,023	\$	600	\$	1,616	
Total Assets	\$	510	\$	91,023	\$	600	\$	1,616	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	510	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total Liabilities		510		-		-		-	
Fund Balances									
Restricted		-		91,023		600		1,616	
Total Fund Balances		-		91,023		600		1,616	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	510	\$	91,023	\$	600	\$	1,616	

					Special Rev	enue l	Funds				
	Civil Homeland Fees Security		V	Child Velfare Board		Child Safety	DETCOG Social Services Block Grant			District Court chnology	
\$ \$	52,164 52,164	\$ \$	9,876 9,876	\$ \$	6,790 6,790	\$ \$	69,807 69,807	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	28,037 28,037
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
\$	52,164 52,164 52,164	\$	9,876 9,876 9,876	\$	6,790 6,790 6,790	\$	69,807 69,807 69,807	\$	-	\$	28,037 28,037 28,037

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 3 of 3)

December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds								
		Aoving iolation Fees	Ch	TC apter 19		°C al Trust	Coord	VA inating eam	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	¢	62	\$	5,000	\$		\$		
Total Assets	\$	62 62	\$	5,000	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	-	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Total Liabilities		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balances									
Restricted		62		5,000		-		-	
Total Fund Balances		62		5,000		_		-	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	62	\$	5,000	\$	-	\$	-	

	Total
]	Nonmajor
Go	overnmental
	Funds
\$	1,733,035
\$	1,733,035
\$	1,137
	1,137
	1,731,898
	1,731,898
\$	1,733,035

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 1 of 3) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Special Rev	venue Funds	
	District Clerk Appropriations	County Clerk RMP	County District Attorney Forfeiture	State Crime Stoppers
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other fees	-	73,856	-	-
Investment income	163	6,276	5	-
Other revenues	-			-
Total Revenues	163	80,132	5	
<u>Expenditures</u>		(1.001		
General government	-	61,201	-	-
Administration of justice	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	-
Health and human services	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		- (1.001	-	
Total Expenditures		61,201		-
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	163	18,931	5	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in				
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing		·		
Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	163	18,931	5	-
Beginning fund balances	48,917	605,490	1,502	4
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 49,080	\$ 624,421	\$ 1,507	<u>\$4</u>

				Special Rev	enue F	unds				
Cl	District Clerk Law RMP Library		Jail Interest and Sinking		Violence Against Women		Small usiness Loan	Peace Officer Service Fee		
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	6,690	\$	-
	1,410		6,715	-		-		-		9,233
	7		181	9,428		-		-		739
	- 1,417		6,896	 11,865				6,690		9,972
	1,41/		0,890	 21,293				0,090		9,972
	600		-	-		-		5,575		-
	-		22,585	-		-		-		-
	-		-	121,020		-		-		2,190
	-		-	-		-		-		-
	600		22,585	 121,020		-		5,575		2,190
	817		(15,689)	 (99,727)				1,115		7,782
	_		25,000	_		_		_		_
	-			 -		(51,289)				-
			25,000	 		(51,289)				_
	817		9,311	(99,727)		(51,289)		1,115		7,782
	1,212		40,473	 761,950		51,289				68,978
\$	2,029	\$	49,784	\$ 662,223	\$	-	\$	1,115	\$	76,760

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 2 of 3) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Courthouse Security	County RMP	State Child Abuse Prevention	County District Attorney Fees					
<u>Revenues</u>	¢	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Intergovernmental Other fees	\$ - 9,752	\$	ф –	\$ - 933					
Investment income	257	4,210	-	955					
Other revenues	231	517							
Total Revenues	10,009	4,789		933					
i otar i evenues	10,009	ч,709							
<u>Expenditures</u>									
General government	54,281	-	-	-					
Administration of justice	-	-	-	388					
Public safety	-	-	-	-					
Health and human services	-	-	-	-					
Capital Outlay	10,144	-	-	-					
Total Expenditures	64,425		-	388					
Excess (Deficiency) of									
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(54,416)	4,789		545					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	51,409	-	-	-					
Transfers (out)	-	-	-	-					
Total Other Financing									
Sources (Uses)	51,409								
Net Change in Fund Balances	(3,007)	4,789	-	545					
Beginning fund balances	3,007	86,234	600	1,071					
Ending Fund Balances	\$	\$ 91,023	\$ 600	\$ 1,616					

		Special Rev	chuc Funus	DETCOG	
Civil Fees	Homeland Security	Child Welfare Board	Child Safety	Social Services Block Grant	District Court Technology
\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
881	-	-	33,563	-	2,608
173	33	21	302	-	90
800		1,684			
1,854	33	1,705	33,865		2,698
711	_	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	81,414	-	-
-	-	-	-	278	-
- 711				278	
/11			81,414	278	
1,143	33	1,705	(47,549)	(278)	2,698
-	-	-	-	-	-
-					-
-					
1,143	33	1,705	(47,549)	(278)	2,698
51,021	9,843	5,085	117,356	278	25,339
\$ 52,164	\$ 9,876	\$ 6,790	\$ 69,807	\$ -	\$ 28,037

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 3 of 3) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Moving Violation Fees	TC Chapter 19	TC Special Trust	CVA Coordinating Team					
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Other fees	74	-	-	-					
Investment income	-	-	3	-					
Other revenues									
Total Revenues	74		3						
<u>Expenditures</u>									
General government	-	-	-	-					
Administration of justice	-	-	-	-					
Public safety	66	-	-	-					
Health and human services	-	-	-	-					
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-					
Total Expenditures	66	-	-	-					
Excess (Deficiency) of									
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	8		3						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in	-	-	-	-					
Transfers (out)	-	-	(3,367)	(46,175)					
Total Other Financing									
Sources (Uses)			(3,367)	(46,175)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	8	-	(3,364)	(46,175)					
Beginning fund balances	54	5,000	3,364	46,175					
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 62	\$ 5,000	<u>\$</u>	\$					

Total							
Ν	onmajor						
Gov	vernmental						
	Funds						
\$	6,690						
	143,235						
	18,257						
	14,349						
	182,531						
	122,368						
	22,973						
	204,690						
	278						
	<u>10,144</u> 360,453						
	360,453						
	(177,022)						
	(177,922)						
	76,409						
	(100,831)						
	(
	(24,422)						
	(202,344)						
	1,934,242						
\$	1,731,898						

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SUB-FUNDS (Page 1 of 2) December 31, 2019

		General	Airport		Rodeo Arena Fairgrounds		Economic Development	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,697,484	\$	20,814	\$	58,208	\$	49,544
Investments		247,839		-		-		-
Receivables, net		7,701,457		-		-		-
Due from other governments		1,412,379		-		-		-
Prepaids		158,621		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	12,217,780	\$	20,814	\$	58,208	\$	49,544
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	576,778	\$	85	\$	424	\$	5,000
Total Liabilities	-	576,778	<u>+</u>	85	<u> </u>	424	<u> </u>	5,000
								-)
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		9,324,998		-		-		-
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		158,621		-		-		-
Assigned		-		20,729		57,784		44,544
Unassigned		2,157,383		-		-		-
Total Fund Balances		2,316,004		20,729		57,784		44,544
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	12,217,780	\$	20,814	\$	58,208	\$	49,544

		Collection Center	County ght of Way				ourthouse estoration	
\$	2,647	\$	803,547	\$ 887,390	\$ 221,363	\$	128,852	\$ 93,950
	-		-	-	-		-	-
	-		-	-	-		-	-
\$	2,647	\$	803,547	\$ 887,390	\$ 221,363	\$	128,852	\$ 93,950
\$	162	\$		\$ 	\$ 8,441	\$	2,327	\$
	162			 	 8,441		2,327	
	-			 -	 -		-	
	-		-	-	-		-	_
	2,485		803,547	887,390	212,922		126,525	93,950
	2,485		803,547	 887,390	 212,922		126,525	 93,950
\$	2,647	\$	803,547	\$ 887,390	\$ 221,363	\$	128,852	\$ 93,950

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COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND SUB-FUNDS (Page 2 of 2) December 31, 2019

		gislative ervices	A	erfund ctivity nination	Total General Fund Sub-Funds		
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	37,164	\$	-	\$	5,000,963	
Investments		-		-		247,839	
Receivables, net		-		-		7,701,457	
Due from other governments		-		-		1,412,379	
Prepaids		-		-		158,621	
Total Assets	\$	37,164	\$		\$	14,521,259	
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	593,217	
Total Liabilities		-		-		593,217	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		9,324,998	
						· · · ·	
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		-		-		158,621	
Assigned		37,164		-		2,287,040	
Unassigned				-		2,157,383	
Total Fund Balances		37,164				4,603,044	
Total Fund Dalances		57,104				4,003,044	
Total Liabilitian Deformed Inflorma							
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	¢	37 164	¢		¢	14 521 250	
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	37,164	Ф	-	Ф	14,521,259	

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND SUB-FUNDS (Page 1 of 2) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	General	Airport		Rodeo Arena Fairgrounds		conomic velopment
Revenues					<u> </u>	
Taxes	\$ 8,184,257	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Intergovernmental	104,598		241		-	-
Other fees	967,236		3,750		-	-
Investment income	42,467		75		515	173
Other revenues	538,806		-		-	-
Total Revenues	 9,837,364		4,066		515	173
Expenditures						
General government	4,948,671		-		-	-
Administration of justice	871,522		-		-	-
Public safety	2,203,201		-		-	-
Health and human services	103,981		-		-	-
Community enrichment	8,399		9,832		97,258	10,760
Tax administration	299,447		-		-	-
Debt service:						
Principal	66,418		-		-	-
Interest	5,130		-		-	-
Capital outlay	143,848		-		-	-
Total Expenditures	 8,650,617		9,832		97,258	 10,760
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	 1,186,747		(5,766)		(96,743)	 (10,587)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	100,831		-		111,158	10,500
Transfers (out)	 (656,917)		-		-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (556,086)				111,158	 10,500
Net Change in Fund Balances	630,661		(5,766)		14,415	(87)
Beginning fund balances	 1,685,343		26,495		43,369	 44,631
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 2,316,004	\$	20,729	\$	57,784	\$ 44,544

Benevolence	Collection Center	County Right of Way	Emergency Operations	Nutrition Center	Courthouse Restoration	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
-	-	-	92,470	-	-	
-	327	-	-	-	-	
17	2,673	15,725	675	1,198	-	
-	139	18,698	-	1,950		
17	3,139	34,423	93,145	3,148		
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	201,836	-	-	
-	3,754	-	-	45,438	-	
512	-	-	-	-	21,081	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
				6,102		
512	3,754	-	201,836	51,540	21,081	
(495)	(615)	34,423	(108,691)	(48,392)	(21,081)	
1,000	_	_	192,808	58,500	75,000	
1,000	-	(78,958)				
	·	(10,500)				
1,000		(78,958)	192,808	58,500	75,000	
505	(615)	(44,535)	84,117	10,108	53,919	
1,980	804,162	931,925	128,805	116,417	40,031	
\$ 2,485	\$ 803,547	\$ 887,390	\$ 212,922	\$ 126,525	\$ 93,950	
φ 2,403	φ 605,547	φ 007,390	φ 212,922	φ 120,323	φ 95,930	

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TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND SUB-FUNDS (Page 2 of 2) For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Interfund Legislative Activity Services Elimination		Total General Fund Sub-Funds
Revenues	.	•	• • • • • • • • •
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,184,257
Intergovernmental	-	-	197,309
Other fees	-	-	971,313
Investment income	-	-	63,518
Other revenues		-	559,593
Total Revenues			9,975,990
<u>Expenditures</u>			
General government	-	-	4,948,671
Administration of justice	-	-	871,522
Public safety	-	-	2,405,037
Health and human services	-	-	153,173
Community enrichment	2,261	-	150,103
Tax administration	-	-	299,447
Debt service:			
Principal	-	-	66,418
Interest	-	-	5,130
Capital outlay	-	-	149,950
Total Expenditures	2,261		9,049,451
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,261)		926,539
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	10,500	(459,466)	100,831
Transfers (out)		459,466	(276,409)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,500	_	(175,578)
			(
Net Change in Fund Balances	8,239	-	750,961
Beginning fund balances	28,925		3,852,083
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 37,164	\$ -	\$ 4,603,044

TYLER COUNTY, TEXAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS December 31, 2019

	Road and Bridge General		Road and Bridge Precinct No. 1		Road and Bridge Precinct No. 2		Road and Bridge Precinct No. 3	
Assets	<u>_</u>		<i>.</i>		.	100 500	•	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	533,842	\$	409,583	\$	459,506
Receivables, net		2,824,425		-		-		-
Due from other governments		526,048		-		-		64,579
Total Assets	\$	3,350,473	\$	533,842	\$	409,583	\$	524,085
Liabilities Accounts payable Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	-	\$	21,602 21,602	\$	25,444 25,444	\$	25,719 25,719
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		3,484,856		-		-		-
<u>Fund Balances</u> Restricted Unassigned		(134,383)		512,240		384,139		498,366
Total Fund Balances		(134,383)		512,240		384,139		498,366
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	3,350,473	\$	533,842	\$	409,583	\$	524,085

Road and Bridge Precinct No. 4		Ac	erfund tivity ination	Total Road and Bridge Funds			
\$	1,158,549	\$	-	\$	2,561,480 2,824,425 590,627		
\$	1,158,549	\$		\$	5,976,532		
\$	41,294 41,294	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	114,059 114,059		
	-				3,484,856		
	1,117,255		-		2,512,000 (134,383)		
	1,117,255		-		2,377,617		
\$	1,158,549	\$	_	\$	5,976,532		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS

	Road and Bridge General	Road andRoad andBridgeBridgePrecinct No. 1Precinct No. 2		Bridge	Road and Bridge Precinct No. 3		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 2,392,745	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental	28,855		24,342		105,938		-
Auto registration	498,805		-		-		-
Other fees	23,419		-		-		-
Investment income	-		9,439		7,911		11,891
Other revenue	 -		1,084		847		-
Total Revenues	 2,943,824		34,865		114,696		11,891
<u>Expenditures</u>							
Roads and bridges	_		717,420		740,947		1,035,432
Debt Service			/1/,120		, 10,917		1,055,152
Principal	_		48,825		19,776		_
Interest charges	-		11,020		9,033		-
Capital Outlay	-		166,090		713,767		313,295
Total Expenditures	 -		943,355		1,483,523		1,348,727
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 2,943,824		(908,490)		(1,368,827)		(1,336,836)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Capital leases	-		-		553,039		196,424
Transfers in	-		695,964		693,852		894,676
Transfers (out)	(2,843,692)		-		(19,039)		-
Sale of capital assets	 -		25,122		103,575		71,735
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)	 (2,843,692)		721,086		1,331,427		1,162,835
Net Change in Fund Balances	100,132		(187,404)		(37,400)		(174,001)
Beginning fund balances	 (234,515)		699,644		421,539		672,367
Ending Fund Balances	\$ (134,383)	\$	512,240	\$	384,139	\$	498,366

Road and Bridge Precinct No. 4	Interfund Activity Elimination	Total Road and Bridge Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,392,745
16,856	-	175,991
-	-	498,805
-	-	23,419
23,178	-	52,419
		1,931
40,034		3,145,310
759,596	-	3,253,395
-	_	68,601
-	-	20,053
419,758	-	1,612,910
1,179,354	-	4,954,959
(1,139,320)		(1,809,649)
124,544	_	874,007
797,553	(2,882,045)	200,000
(19,314)	2,882,045	-
23		200,455
902,806		1,274,462
(236,514)	-	(535,187)
1,353,769		2,912,804
\$ 1,117,255	<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,377,617

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE GENERAL FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	2,334,428	\$	2,334,428	\$	2,392,745	\$	58,317
Intergovernmental		22,000		22,000		28,855		6,855
Auto registration		510,000		510,000		498,805		(11,195)
Other fees		27,850		27,850		23,419		(4,431)
Total Revenues		2,894,278		2,894,278		2,943,824		49,546
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (out)		(2,894,278)		(2,894,278)		(2,843,692)		50,586
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(2,894,278)		(2,894,278)		(2,843,692)		50,586
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$			100,132	\$	100,132
Beginning fund balance						(234,515)		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	(134,383)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND PRECINCT NO. 1 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	24,342	\$	23,342
Investment income		1,800		1,800		9,439		7,639
Other revenue		100		100		1,084		984
Total Revenues		2,900		2,900		34,865		31,965
<u>Expenditures</u>								
Roads and bridges		669,264		775,802		717,420		58,382
Debt Service		,		,		,		,
Principal		21,000		48,825		48,825		-
Interest charges		10,000		11,026		11,020		6
Capital Outlay		50,000		166,090		166,090		-
Total Expenditures		750,264		1,001,743		943,355		58,388
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		1,001,710		,,		20,200
(Deficiency) of Revenues								
(Under) Expenditures		(747,364)		(998,843)	(908,490)			90,353
(Onder) Expenditures		(747,504)		())0,045)		(500,450)		,555
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		707,118		708,318		695,964		(12,354)
Sale of capital assets		707,110		700,510		25,122		25,122
Total Other Financing Sources		707,118		708,318		721,086		12,768
Total Other Financing Sources		/0/,110		708,518		721,080		12,708
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(40,246)	\$	(290,525)		(187,404)	\$	103,121
Net Change in Fund Balance	φ	(40,240)	φ	(290,323)		(187,404)	φ	103,121
Beginning fund balance						699,644		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	512,240		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND PRECINCT NO. 2 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgetee Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	Original	Fillai	Amounts	(Regative)	
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 105,938	\$ 105,938	
Investment income	ф 1,200	¢ 1,200	7,911	6,711	
Other revenue	150	150	847	697	
Total Revenues	1,350	1,350	114,696	113,346	
<u>Expenditures</u>					
Roads and bridges	707,262	838,649	740,947	97,702	
Debt Service					
Principal	6,800	19,776	19,776	-	
Interest charges	3,300	9,033	9,033	-	
Capital Outlay	112,823	749,895	713,767	36,128	
Total Expenditures	830,185	1,617,353	1,483,523	133,830	
(Deficiency) of Revenues					
(Under) Expenditures	(828,835)	(1,616,003)	(1,368,827)	247,176	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Capital leases	-	553,039	553,039	-	
Transfers in	705,305	706,505	693,852	(12,653)	
Transfers (out)	(18,829)	(19,039)	(19,039)	-	
Sale of capital assets	-	-	103,575	103,575	
Total Other Financing Sources	686,476	1,240,505	1,331,427	90,922	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (142,359)	\$ (375,498)	(37,400)	\$ 338,098	
Beginning fund balance			421,539		
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 384,139		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND PRECINCT NO. 3 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgeted Original	Ame	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Investment income	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	11,891	\$	10,391	
Total Revenue		1,500	Ψ	1,500	Ψ	11,891	Ψ	10,391	
<u>Expenditures</u>									
Roads and bridges		962,679		1,049,342		1,035,432		13,910	
Capital Outlay		80,000		313,295		313,295		-	
Total Expenditure	5	1,042,679		1,362,637		1,348,727		13,910	
(Deficiency) of Revenue									
(Under) Expenditures		(1,041,179)		(1,361,137)		(1,336,836)		24,301	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Capital leases		-		196,424		196,424		-	
Transfers in		912,152		913,352		894,676		(18,676)	
Sale of capital assets		-	_	-	_	71,735		71,735	
Total Other Financing Sources		912,152		1,109,776		1,162,835		53,059	
Net Change in Fund Balance	e <u>\$</u>	(129,027)	\$	(251,361)		(174,001)	\$	77,360	
Beginning fund balance						672,367			
Ending Fund Balance	e				\$	498,366			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND PRECINCT NO. 4 For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgete	d Am	ounts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final		Amounts		Negative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental		\$ -	\$	-	\$	16,856	\$	16,856
Investment income		\$ 1,200	\$	1,200	\$	23,178	\$	21,978
	Total Revenues	1,200		1,200		40,034		38,834
Expenditures		004 242		020.204		750 506		7 0 (00
Roads and bridges		904,343		830,294		759,596		70,698
Capital Outlay		50,000		514,758		419,758		95,000
	Total Expenditures	954,343		1,345,052		1,179,354		165,698
(Deficiency) of Revenues								
((Under) Expenditures	(953,143)		(1,343,852)		(1,139,320)		204,532
Other Financing Sourc	es (Uses)			101 511		101511		
Capital leases		-		124,544		124,544		-
Transfers in		810,851		812,051		797,553		(14,498)
Transfers (out)		(17,850)		(19,314)		(19,314)		-
Sale of capital assets		-		-		23		23
Total Oth	er Financing Sources	793,001		792,737		902,806		(14,475)
Net Ch	ange in Fund Balance	\$ (160,142)	\$	(551,115)		(236,514)	\$	190,057
Beginning fund balance						1,353,769		
]	Ending Fund Balance				\$	1,117,255		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISTRICT CLERK STATE APPROPRIATIONS

	 Budgeted riginal	Amo	unts Final		Actual nounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	 - 15 ¹¹¹	Tillat		Amounts		(riegative)	
Investment income	\$ 100	\$	100	\$	163	\$	63
Total Revenues	100		100		163		63
<u>Expenditures</u> Administration of justice Total Expenditures	 48,592 48,592		48,592 48,592		-		48,592 48,592
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (48,492)	\$	(48,492)		163	\$	48,655
Beginning fund balance					48,917		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	49,080		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY CLERK RMP

		 Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Other fees		\$ 100,000	\$	100,000	\$	73,856	\$	(26,144)
Investment income		 600		600	_	6,276		5,676
	Total Revenues	100,600		100,600		80,132		(20,468)
<u>Expenditures</u> General government Capital Outlay		289,545 55,000		289,545 55,000		61,201		228,344 55,000
	Total Expenditures	 344,545		344,545		61,201		283,344
Net Ch	ange in Fund Balance	\$ (243,945)	\$	(243,945)		18,931	\$	262,876
Beginning fund balance						605,490		
	Ending Fund Balance				\$	624,421		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISTRICT CLERK RMP

		 Budgeted Driginal	unts Final	Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		 Ignai		<u>I mai</u>	 nounts		egative)
Other fees		\$ 2,970	\$	2,970	\$ 1,410	\$	(1,560)
Investment income		-		-	 7		7
	Total Revenues	 2,970		2,970	 1,417		(1,553)
<u>Expenditures</u> General government		 5,000		5,000	 600		4,400
	Total Expenditures	 5,000		5,000	 600		4,400
Net Ch	ange in Fund Balance	\$ (2,030)	\$	(2,030)	817	\$	2,847
Beginning fund balance					 1,212		
	Ending Fund Balance				\$ 2,029		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAW LIBRARY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Other fees	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500	\$ 6,715	\$ (785)
Investment income	100	100	181	81
Total Revenues	7,600	7,600	6,896	(704)
<u>Expenditures</u>			•• ••	10.070
Administration of justice	32,600	33,454	22,585	10,869
Total Expenditures	32,600	33,454	22,585	10,869
(Deficiency) of Revenues				
(Under) Expenditures	(25,000)	(25,854)	(15,689)	10,165
(ender) information es	(20,000)	(20,001)	(10,005)	10,100
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	25,000	25,000	25,000	
Total Other Financing Sources	25,000	25,000	25,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (854)	9,311	\$ 10,165
Beginning fund balance			40,473	
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 49,784	
Entring I and Datanee			\$ 19,701	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL JAIL INTEREST AND SINKING For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final	A	mounts	(N	legative)
Revenues								
Investment income	\$	1,500	\$	1,500	\$	9,428	\$	7,928
Other revenue		1,000		1,000		11,865		10,865
Total Revenues	6	2,500		2,500		21,293		18,793
<u>Expenditures</u> Public safety Capital Outlay Total Expenditures Net Change in Fund Balance		100,000 2,500 102,500 (100,000)	\$	121,020 2,500 123,520 (121,020)		121,020 - 121,020 (99,727)	\$	2,500 2,500 21,293
Beginning fund balance						761,950		
Ending Fund Balance	2				\$	662,223		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURTHOUSE SECURITY

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

								ance with al Budget
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual		ositive
	(Original		Final		Amounts		egative)
<u>Revenues</u>								
Other fees	\$	18,000	\$	18,000	\$	9,752	\$	(8,248)
Investment income		200		200		257		57
Total Revenues		18,200		18,200		10,009		(8,191)
Expenditures General government		95,539		95,539		54,281		41,258
Capital Outlay		18,000		18,000		10,144		7,856
Total Expenditures		113,539		113,539		64,425		49,114
Total Expenditures		115,559		115,559		04,425		49,114
(Deficiency) of Revenues								
(Under) Expenditures		(95,339)		(95,339)		(54,416)		40,923
						<u>_</u>		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		50,000		50,000		51,409		1,409
Total Other Financing Sources		50,000		50,000		51,409		1,409
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(45,339)	\$	(45,339)		(3,007)	\$	42,332
Beginning fund balance						3,007		
					¢			
Ending Fund Balance					\$	-		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COUNTY RMP

For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

			Budgeted	Amo	unts	A	Actual	Fin: P	ance with al Budget ositive
		(Driginal	Final		A	mounts	(Negative)	
Revenues									
Other fees		\$	4,000	\$	4,000	\$	4,210	\$	210
Investment income			350		-		579		579
	Total Revenues		4,350		4,000		4,789		789
<u>Expenditures</u>									
General government			44,850		44,850		-		44,850
Capital Outlay			14,500		14,500		-		14,500
	Total Expenditures		59,350		59,350		-		59,350
Net Cha	ange in Fund Balance	\$	(55,000)	\$	(55,350)		4,789	\$	60,139
Beginning fund balance							86,234		
J	Ending Fund Balance					\$	91,023		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY FEES For the Year Ended December 31, 2019

		Budgeted Driginal	Amo	unts Final		ctual nounts	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive Vegative)
P		/igilial		1/11/41	Al	iounts	<u>(</u> 1	(egative)
Revenues Other fees	\$	12,000	\$	12,000	\$	933	\$	(11,067)
Total Revenues		12,000		12,000		933		(11,067)
<u>Expenditures</u> Administration of justice Total Expenditures		15,963 15,963		15,963 15,963		388 388		15,575 15,575
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(3,963)	\$	(3,963)		545	\$	4,508
Beginning fund balance Ending Fund Balance	<u> </u>			(3,200)	\$	1,071 1,616	<u> </u>	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

AGENCY FUNDS (page 1 of 4)

	Ele	cted Officials	C	DA Trust	Γ	ternate Dispute solution		ate DPS rest Fees
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	\$ \$	5,946,731 5,946,731	\$ \$	15,417 15,417	\$ \$	1,055 1,055	\$ \$	39,185 39,185
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to other units Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u> \$	5,946,731 5,946,731	<u>\$</u> \$	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>1,055</u> 1,055	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>39,185</u> 39,185

 General venue	Supplement Court Guardianship		te TLFTA	 ate Time Payment	Fugitive rehension	St	ate CCC
\$ 44	\$ 22,487	\$	11,724	\$ 17,078	\$ 191	\$	45,606
\$	\$ 22,487	\$	11,724	\$ 17,078	\$ 191	\$	45,606
\$ 44	\$ 22,487	\$	11,724	\$ 17,078	\$ 191	\$	45,606
\$	\$ 22,487	\$	11,724	\$ 17,078	\$ 191	\$	45,606

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

AGENCY FUNDS (page 2 of 4)

	State Appellate Judicial		State DNA Testing Fee		State Drug Court Programs		State Indigent Defense	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,210	\$	1,331	\$	5,182	\$	3,534	
Total Assets	\$ 5,210	\$	1,331	\$	5,182	\$	3,534	
Liabilities								
Due to other units	\$ 5,210	\$	1,331	\$	5,182	\$	3,534	
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,210	\$	1,331	\$	5,182	\$	3,534	

Crir	Juvenile ne and ention	Sea	County rch and escue	 tice Court chnology	Man	rrective agement st. TX	Stat	e Tertiary Care	Sta	te Traffic Fee
\$	19	\$	199	\$ 51,611	\$	103	\$	39,711	\$	11,048
\$	19	\$	199	\$ 51,611	\$	103	\$	39,711	\$	11,048
\$	19	\$	199	\$ 51,611	\$	103	\$	39,711	\$	11,048
\$	19	\$	199	\$ 51,611	\$	103	\$	39,711	\$	11,048

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

AGENCY FUNDS (page 3 of 4)

	State	State Bail Bond		State EMS Trauma		State Judicial Support Fees		Jury bursement Fee
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,626	\$	1,841	\$	100,627	\$	5,569
Total Assets	\$	3,626	\$	1,841	\$	100,627	\$	5,569
Liabilities								
Due to other units	\$	3,626	\$	1,841	\$	100,627	\$	5,569
Total Liabilities	\$	3,626	\$	1,841	\$	100,627	\$	5,569

Sta	te CVC	 Judicial ucation	De	as Juvenile Justice partment itle IV E	State	LEOA	C	DA State	Adu	lt Probation
\$	4,406	\$ 783	\$	35,806	\$	1	\$	122,310	\$	134,380
\$	4,406	\$ 783	\$	35,806	\$		\$	122,310	\$	134,380
\$	4,406	\$ 783	\$	35,806	\$	1	\$	122,310	\$	<u>134,380</u>
\$	4,406	\$ 783	\$	35,806	\$		\$	122,310	\$	134,380

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

AGENCY FUNDS (page 4 of 4)

	-	Iuvenile robation	Total Agency Funds		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Total Assets	<u>\$</u> \$	25,137	<u>\$</u>	6,651,952 6,651,952	
	Φ	23,137	φ	0,031,932	
Liabilities					
Due to other units	\$	25,137	\$	6,651,952	
Total Liabilities	\$	25,137	\$	6,651,952	

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